### **Madron Daniel Science Small Step Progression**



# Retrieval vocab: N/A New Vocab:

• Living, dead, never been alive, suited, suitable, basic needs, food, food chain, shelter, move, feed • Names of local habitats e.g. pond, woodland etc. • Names of micro-habitats e.g. under logs, in bushes etc

## Living Things and Their Habitats – Year 2 Unit – Year B

#### **Previous learning**

• Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. (Y1 - Plants) • Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. (Y1 - Plants) • Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. (Y1 - Animals including humans) • Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. (Y1 - Animals including humans) • Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets). (Y1 – Animals, including humans) • Observe changes across the four seasons. (Y1 - Seasonal changes)

#### <u>Links with Vision and</u> Values.

Stimulate in every child a sense of curiosity and excitement about the world

| Curriculum              | Small step objective   | Previous learning within the unit   | Lesson content  | Outcome  |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Strand/ Focus           | Smail step objective   | Frevious learning within the unit   | Lesson content  | Outcome  |
| 1 Identify/<br>classify | To be able to explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive | N/A   | Is it living, dead or never been alive? What are the seven life processes (MRS GREN)? | The children can: Identify living things and things that have never been alive. Identify the seven life processes                            |
| 2 Identify/<br>classify | To explore and map a local habitat and identify what is in it  | Identify living things and things that have never been alive. Identify the seven life processes                                     | What different habitats do we have in the UK? What lives in own local habitat?        | The children can: Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, by mapping a habitat and identifying its inhabitants. |
| Identify/<br>classify   | To be able to identify different micro habitats and identify living things that might live there.                            | As above Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, by mapping a habitat and identifying its inhabitants. | What is a microhabitat?   | The children can: Identify different microhabitats in their local area and identify living things that might live there.                     |

## Class 1

## **Madron Daniel Science Small Step Progression**



| 4 | Comparative testing   | Identify minibeasts by carrying out a survey of 2 microhabitats, compare and record our findings using a results table and a pictogram. | As above Identify different microhabitats in their local area and identify living things that might live there.            | How can we compare two different micro habitats? | The children can: Identify and compare two different micro habitats. Gather and record data to help in answering questions by investigating the preferred habitat of minibeasts. |
|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 5 | Research              | Research to find answers to questions about world habitats.   | As above Identify different microhabitats in their local area and identify living things that might live there.            | How are habitats different around the world?     | The children can: Identify world habitats and explain how they are different.  |
| 6 | Identify/<br>classify | To be able to identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited  | As above Identify world habitats and explain how they are different.   | How are living things adapted to their habitat?  | The children can: Identify characteristics that some living things have that make them best suited to the environment they live in.  |
| 7 | Identify/<br>classify | To be able to describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals.  Construct a simple food chain.                     | As above Identify characteristics that some living things have that make them best suited to the environment they live in. | What is a food chain?                            | The children can: Identify what some living things from a habitat eat and how they are linked in a food chain.   |